

BCL_Lo_pH_190

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name BCL Lo pH 190

Product Number

Recommended use Vehicle Care

Restrictions on use Industrial and commercial use only

Australian Distributor Velocity Vehicle Care Pty Ltd

10 Holmwood Rd, Tottenham, VIC, 3012

Ph: 1300 990 074 Fax: 03 8669 4179

Email: orders@velocityvehiclecare.com

Emergency Number Australia: 1800 127 406

NZ Distributor Velocity Vehicle Care NZ Ltd Level 4

3 London St, Hamilton, 3204

Phone: 0800 483 562 (0800 4 VELOC)

Fax: 07 974 9540

Email: orders@velocityvehiclecare.com

Emergency Number New Zealand: 0800 243 622

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Dangerous Goods Classification

CLASSIFIED as Dangerous goods for transport by road or rail per Australian Dangerous Goods Code 7th ed. and NZS 5433:2020 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land. See Section 14 for further details.

GHS Classification

Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 7th ed.

Skin Corrosion Category 1B
Serious Eye Damage Category 1
Flammable Liquids Category 4

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word DANGER

Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H227 Combustible liquid



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Precautionary statements

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. **No smoking**.

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P260

Do not breathe mists or sprays

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye, and face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P363

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P304 + P340

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P301 + P330 + P331

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305 + P351 + P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310

Immediately call a doctor or medical centre.

P370 + P378

In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.

Storage

P403 + P405

Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.



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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Mixture

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration [%]
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	proprietary	5 - <10
citric acid	77-92-9	< 5
fluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	< 5
Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid	27176-87-0	< 5
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	< 5
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	< 5

The exact percentages of disclosed substances are withheld as trade secrets.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice Move non-essential personnel away from treatment area, spill, or dangerous

area. Do not leave victim unattended.

Have this safety data sheet available for emergency/medical responders.

If inhaled This product is not classified as hazardous through inhalation; however, if

person becomes affected, remove the person to clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms persist. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Call a doctor after significant exposure or if

symptoms persist.

In case of skin contact Protect victim from further harm. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for

at least 20 minutes. If large areas of skin are affected, place the victim in the shower. Continue washing even after the chemical seems to have been removed. This will help to reduce tissue damage. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes if safe to do so. Do not remove clothing if it is stuck to the skin. If skin is burned, cover burn with a loose sterile gauze dressing. Take victim to hospital or a medical centre as soon as possible. Always wash

contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact

Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tissue damage and

blindness. Rinse immediately with plenty of room temperature water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to

hospital.

Remove contact lenses if safe to do so. Do not attempt to remove contact lens if

they are stuck to the eye. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.

Protection of first aiders
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective

equipment.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Effects are immediate and delayed.

Symptoms may include blistering, burns, redness, and pain. Symptoms may vary depending on systems and organs affected. Symptoms of overexposure

may include disorientation, dizziness and confusion. May progress to

convulsions, paralysis, unconsciousness.

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time). Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause damage to organs

through repeated or prolonged exposure if inhaled. Review section 2 of SDS to see all potential hazards.



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SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing

media

Combustible liquid. If possible use powder fire extinguishers (ABC

powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide

extinguishers (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or

irritating.

Hazardous combustion

products

Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide, phosphorous oxide, sodium oxide, sulfur oxide, hydrogen gas, hydrogen fluoride, silane,

smoke

Special protective

equipment for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Specific extinguishing

methods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Use non-sparking equipment only. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains, inform

respective authorities

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning

up

Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material e.g., sand, earth,

diatomaceous earth, vermiculite, and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13) . Flush away traces with water. For large spills (>5L), dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Collect spilled material in suitable labelled containers for

disposal.



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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling Product is combustible. Take precautionary measures against static

discharges.

Do not open near open flame, sources of heat or ignition. It is recommended to transfer at slow speeds to avoid the generation of electrostatic charges that can affect combustible products. Avoid formation of aerosols and mists. Do not breathe mists or sprays. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and

eyes.

For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. It is recommended to have non-combustible absorbent material available at close proximity to the product in case of spills.

Conditions for safe storage Do not store below -4°C or above 48°C

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place. Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact

with food.

Materials to avoid Avoid alkalis or strong bases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	TWA (skin)	20 ppm / 96.9 mg/m ³	SWA
		STEL (skin)	50 ppm / 242 mg/m ³	SWA
		TWA (skin)	25 ppm / 121 mg/m ³	NZ WES
Phosphoric Acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m ³	SWA / NZ WES
		STEL	3 mg/m ³	SWA

Biological occupation	nal exposure limits					
Component	CAS-No.	Control	Biological	Sampling time	Permissible	Basis
		parameters	specimen		concentration	
None allocated						

Engineering measures Effective ventilation in all processing areas.

Personal protective

equipment

Respiratory protectionUse a respirator with an approved filter if ventilation is inadequate or

exposure assessment demonstrates that exposure is within permissible

concentrations.

Hand protection Wear rubber gloves or other chemical resistant gloves e.g. nitrile,

neoprene, natural rubber or PVC.

Eye protection Safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles.

Skin protection Wear protective clothing and chemical resistant footwear.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practices. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.



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Provide suitable wash facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Product

Appearance liquid amber Colour Odour none Odour threshold no data 1-2.4 pH (1%) Melting point/freezing point no data Boiling point 101°C 69.5°C Flash point

Evaporation rate no data
Upper explosion limit no data

Lower explosion limit no data

Vapour pressure @ 50°C 12.31 kPa
Relative vapour density no data
Relative density 1.07
Water solubility soluble

Solubility in other solvents no data

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

no data

Auto-ignition temperature 238°C VOC % weight 3%

Viscosity, kinematic no data

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to

excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight

Incompatible materials Oxidising agents, strong bases, alkalis

Hazardous decomposition Combustion by-products

products

Combustion by-products may include the following materials:

Oxides of carbon, phosphorous oxide, sodium oxide, sulfur oxide,

hydrogen gas, hydrogen fluoride, silane.



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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential Health Effects

Information on likely routes of exposure

Possible workplace exposure routes are:

Inhalation Eye contact Skin contact

Early onset symptoms related to exposure (acute symptoms)

Eye Risk of serious eye damage. Symptoms may include burning, redness,

swelling, stinging, tearing and pain. Permanent tissue damage may occur

if first aid is not obtained immediately.

Skin Causes skin burns. Symptoms may include burning, redness, blistering,

pain, swelling. Permanent skin damage can occur if first aid is not

obtained immediately.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes

and the upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include burning, difficulty

breathing, itchy or sore throat, runny nose.

Ingestion Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Symptoms include oral pain,

ulcerations, drooling, difficulty swallowing, vomiting, and abdominal pain

Toxicological Information Product

Acute oral toxicity LD50: 4175.46 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity LD50: >5000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50: 77.79 mg/L (4 h)

Method: Calculation method

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns

Serious eye damage/eye

STOT - single exposure

irritation

Causes serious eye damage

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does

not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect.

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met, as it does not contain substances classified

as hazardous for the effects mentioned.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does

not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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Components (Ingredients)

Phosphoric acid: LD50 1250 mg/kg Mouse Acute oral toxicity

2-butoxyethanol: LD50 1200 mg/kg Rat Ethoxylated Alcohol: LD50 500 mg/kg (ATEi)

Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid: LD50 890 mg/kg Rat

Citric acid: LD50 5400 mg/kg Rat 2-butoxyethanol: LC50 3 mg/L (ATEi)

Acute inhalation toxicity

Phosphoric acid: LD50 2740 mg/kg Rabbit

2-butoxyethanol: LD50 3000 mg/kg Rabbit Acute dermal toxicity

Phosphoric acid: Causes severe skin burns

Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid: Causes severe skin burns Skin corrosion/irritation

Fluorosilicic acid: Causes severe skin burns Ethoxylated alcohol: Causes serious eye damage Phosphoric acid: Causes serious eye damage

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid: Causes serious eye damage

Fluorosilicic acid: Causes serious eye damage

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

No component of this product, present at levels greater than or equal to 1%, is identified as a skin or respiratory sensitiser

Germ cell mutagenicity No component of this product, present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1%, is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human mutagen

No component of this product, present at levels greater than or Carcinogenicity

equal to 0.1%, is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

No component of this product, present at levels greater than or Reproductive toxicity

equal to 0.1%, is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

reproductive toxin.

STOT - single/repeated

exposure

2-butoxyethanol: STOT SE Cat 3 Respiratory irritation

Citric acid: STOT SE Cat 3 Respiratory irritation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity This product has not been tested.

Toxicity to fish no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and

other aquatic invertebrates

no data available

no data available Toxicity to algae

Components (Ingredients)

Acute

Toxicity to fish Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid: LC50 5 mg/L (48 h) Leuciscus idus

> Citric Acid: LC50 1516 mg/L (96 h) Lepomis macrochirus 2-butoxyethanol: LC50 1490 mg/L (96 h) Lepomis macrochirus

Chronic

Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid: NOEC 1.121 mg/L 2-butoxyethanol: NOEC 100 mg/L Danio rerio



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Toxicity to daphnia Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid: EC50 5.9 mg/L (24 h) Daphnia magna

Citric Acid: EC50 160 mg/L (48 h)

2-butoxyethanol: EC50 1815 mg/L (48 h) Daphnia magna

Chronic

Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid: NOEC 1.369 mg/L 2-butoxyethanol: NOEC 100 mg/L Daphnia magna

Toxicity to algae 2-butoxyethanol: EC50 911 mg/L (72 h) Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

degradability

Bioaccumulative potential The bioaccumulative potential of the organic components is low.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

Citric acid: Pow Log -1.55
2-butoxyethanol: Pow Log 0.83

Mobility in soil No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste product and residues Do not dispose of waste product or residues to sewer. Dispose of in

accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of as unused product. Containers must remain labelled until

all residues and traces of product have been eliminated.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

Classified as **Dangerous Goods** by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code 7th ed.) for Transport by Road and Rail. Classified as **Dangerous** according to NZS 5433:2020 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Land transport

(ADG)

UN number 3264

Proper Shipping Name Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, N.O.S. (Contains

fluorosilicic acid)

Class 8
Packing group III
Hazchem Code 2X



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Marine Transport

Classified as **Dangerous Goods** by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Marine transport (IMDG/IMO)

ÙN number 3264

Proper Shipping name Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, N.O.S. (Contains

fluorosilicic acid)

Class 8
Packing group III
Marine pollutant no
IMDG EMS F-A, S-B

Fire/Spill

Air Transport

Classified as **Dangerous Goods** by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Air transport

(IATA)

UN number 3264

Proper Shipping name Corrosive liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, N.O.S. (Contains

fluorosilicic acid)

Class 8
Packing group III

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

AICS All substances listed

Poisons Schedule Schedule 7 (contains fluorosilicic acid >1%)

NZ Approval Code Cleaning Products (Combustible, Corrosive) Group Standard 2020

HSR002527

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

ADG Australian Dangerous Goods

SWA Safe Work Australia

NZ New Zealand

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

WES Workplace Exposure Standards

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TWA Time Weighted Average
STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act
DSL Domestic Substances List
NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List



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